



THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG
Centre for Advanced Research in Photonics &
Department of Electronic Engineering
Seminar

All things bright and beautiful: Photonics in Biological Systems

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Date: 15 September 2017 (Friday)
Time: 10.30-11.30am
Venue: Rm 222, Ho Sin Hang Engineering Building, CUHK

Abstract: The study of structural colour in brightly coloured animals is an exciting interdisciplinary area of research¹. Complex photonic bandgap (PBG) structures in beetles² and butterflies³ suggest broad innovation in nature's use of materials and its manipulation of light. In certain butterflies, ultra-long-range visibility of up to one half-mile is attributed to photonic structures that are formed by discrete multilayers of simple dielectric material and air³. This contrasts, in other species, to photonic structures designed more for camouflage. These not only may produce strong linear and circular polarisation effects but can also create additive colour mixing using highly adapted structures⁴. Optical systems also exist that employ remarkable 2D and 3D photonic crystals of cuticle to produce partial PBGs. The effect of this is that bright colour is reflected, or fluorescence emission is inhibited⁵, over specific angle ranges. The high structural order and saturated colour appearance of these systems is contrasted in other insects which exhibit very efficient broadband scattering arising from highly disordered nanostructures⁶; their brilliant whiteness is a trait that serves specific cryptic functions. From the perspective of modern optical technology, these structures arguably indicate a significant evolutionary step, since in principle, such 2D and 3D order, quasi-order and disorder are potentially able to manipulate the flow of light more completely. Complex hierarchical photonic structures have also recently been discovered in floral⁷ and bacterial systems⁸: the study of these has yielded novel information about their ecology and the factors influencing growth and success. This presentation will offer an overview of this emerging field of study, as well as several of the exciting recent discoveries that reflect nature's optical design ingenuity, and some technological applications to which they are currently being applied.

1. P. Vukusic & J.R. Sambles, *Nature*, **424**, 852-855 (2003).
2. P. Vukusic, B. Hallam and J. Noyes, *Science*, **315**, 348 (2007).
3. P. Vukusic, et al., *Proc Roy Soc B*, **266**: 1403-1411 (1999).
4. P. Vukusic, J.R. Sambles, C.R. Lawrence, *Nature*, **404**, 457 (2000).
5. P. Vukusic and I. R. Hooper, *Science*, **310**, 1151, (2005).
6. P. Vukusic et al, *Science*, **315**, 5810, 348, (2007).
7. M. Kolle et al, *Advanced Materials*, [10.1002/adma.201203529], (2013).
8. B. Kientz, et al, *Appl Environ Microbiol.*, **78**, 7, 2092-9, (2012).

About the Speaker

Pete Vukusic graduated from the University of Exeter, UK in 1993 with a PhD in Plasmonics, followed by an optics research fellowship at CSIRO Melbourne. He returned to Exeter in 1997 and began investigating the physics of optical nanostructures, specifically in relation to structural colour in biological systems. He is now Professor of BioPhotonics at the University of Exeter School of Physics in the UK. He leads a research team whose work comprises the discovery, characterisation and technological application of the unique optics and photonics systems that have evolved naturally in animals and plants. Their work is frequently featured on scientific programs of the BBC and National Geographic. He is a recipient of the L'Oreal International Prize for the Art and Science of Colour and the Kohn Prize of the Royal Society in the UK. He regularly lectures on the science of light and colour to international academic and industrial audiences. He is currently Vice-Dean in the College of Engineering, Mathematics and Physical Science at the University of Exeter, UK.

*** All are welcome to attend. Please contact. Prof H.K.Tsang hktsang@cuhk.edu.hk for enquiries ***